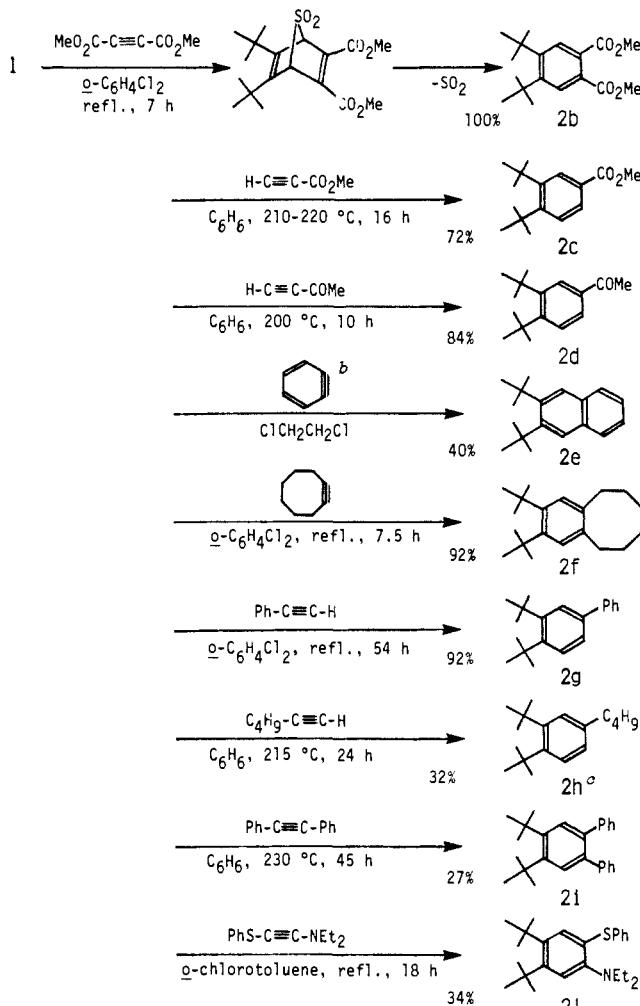


Scheme III^a

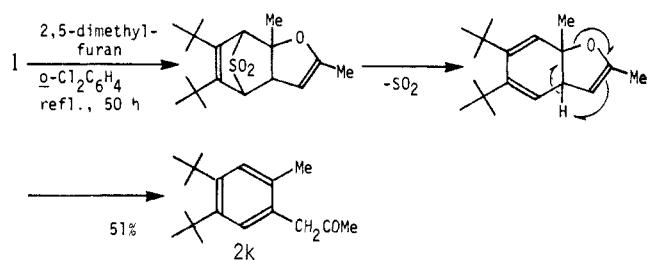
^a Acetylenes except benzyne (10 equiv) and 1-hexyne (15 equiv) were used in 1.5–4.0-fold excess. ^b Benzyne was generated by thermolysis of 2-carboxybenzene diazonium chloride in the presence of propylene oxide in refluxing 1,2-dichloroethane. ^c This compound was contaminated with a small amount of unidentified impurities.

and cyclooctyne), react with 1 to give *o*-di-*tert*-butylbenzenes 2b–f in reasonable to high yields. Even simple acetylenes, phenylacetylene, 1-hexyne, and diphenylacetylene, can react with 1 to

(1) Nakayama, J.; Yamaoka, S.; Hoshino, M. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1988**, 29, 1161–1164.

(2) For preparation of polysubstituted thiophenes by this procedure, see: (a) Nakayama, J.; Machida, H.; Saito, R.; Hoshino, M. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1985**, 26, 1983–1984. (b) Nakayama, J.; Murabayashi, S.; Hoshino, M. *Heterocycles* **1987**, 26, 2599–2602. See, also: Nakayama, J.; Yamaoka, S.; Hoshino, M. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1987**, 28, 1799–1802.

Scheme IV



afford compounds 2g–i. Relatively low yield of 2j observed by reaction with a ynamine may come from the steric repulsion between substrates.

Finally reaction of 1 with excess 2,5-dimethylfuran afforded 2k in 51% yield (Scheme IV). In this case 2,5-dimethylfuran acts as an equivalent of 4-hexyn-2-one. This type of reaction is preceded.¹⁵

In conclusion the reaction of 1 with acetylenes and their synthetic equivalents provides a very facile synthesis of *o*-di-*tert*-butylbenzene and its many derivatives.

Supplementary Material Available: Experimental procedures for the preparation of compounds 1 and 2a–k and characterization data for these compounds (¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and high resolution MS) (8 pages). Ordering information is given on any current masthead page.

(3) Sterically overcrowded 3,4-di-*tert*-butylthiophene was first synthesized in 1980 after numerous unsuccessful attempts: Brandsma, L.; Meijer, J.; Verkruissse, H. D.; Bokkers, G.; Duisenberg, A. J. M.; Kroon, J. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.* **1980**, 922–923.

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Additions and Corrections

1-Methyl-4,5-cyclopentenoborepin: A Neutral Boron Analogue of Tropylium [J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1987, 109, 1879]. ARTHUR J. ASHE III* and FREDERICK T. DRONE

Pages 1879 and 1880: The ¹¹B NMR chemical shift value reported for compound 10 is wrong. The correct chemical shift value is δ 32.1 referenced to external BF₃·OEt₂ at δ 0. Thus the NMR data suggest that borepin serves as a η⁷ ligand toward Cr(CO)₃. We regret any confusion this mistake may have caused.

Investigations of a Siloxane-Based Polymer Electrolyte Employing ¹³C, ²⁹Si, ⁷Li, and ²³Na Solid-State NMR Spectroscopy [J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1988, 110, 3036–3043]. R. SPINDLER and D. F. SHRIVER*

Page 3037, the caption for Figure 2 should read as follows: Figure 2. Solid-state ¹³C NMR spectra of siloxane(30) employing (A) MAS and DD (spinning rate = 1400 Hz), (B) MAS, (C) static and DD, and (D) static.